

## Precision N management through crop model-based approaches

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## Session Goals

- At the end of this session participants will be able to:
  - Identify the main benefits and required inputs for model-based N tools
  - Identify the available modeling-based tools for N management
  - Evaluate if in-season N management based on models is feasible for your operation and learn how to test it.



## Crop model-based tools. What is a crop model?

A virtual reality of your farm.





## Crop model-based tools: computational tools

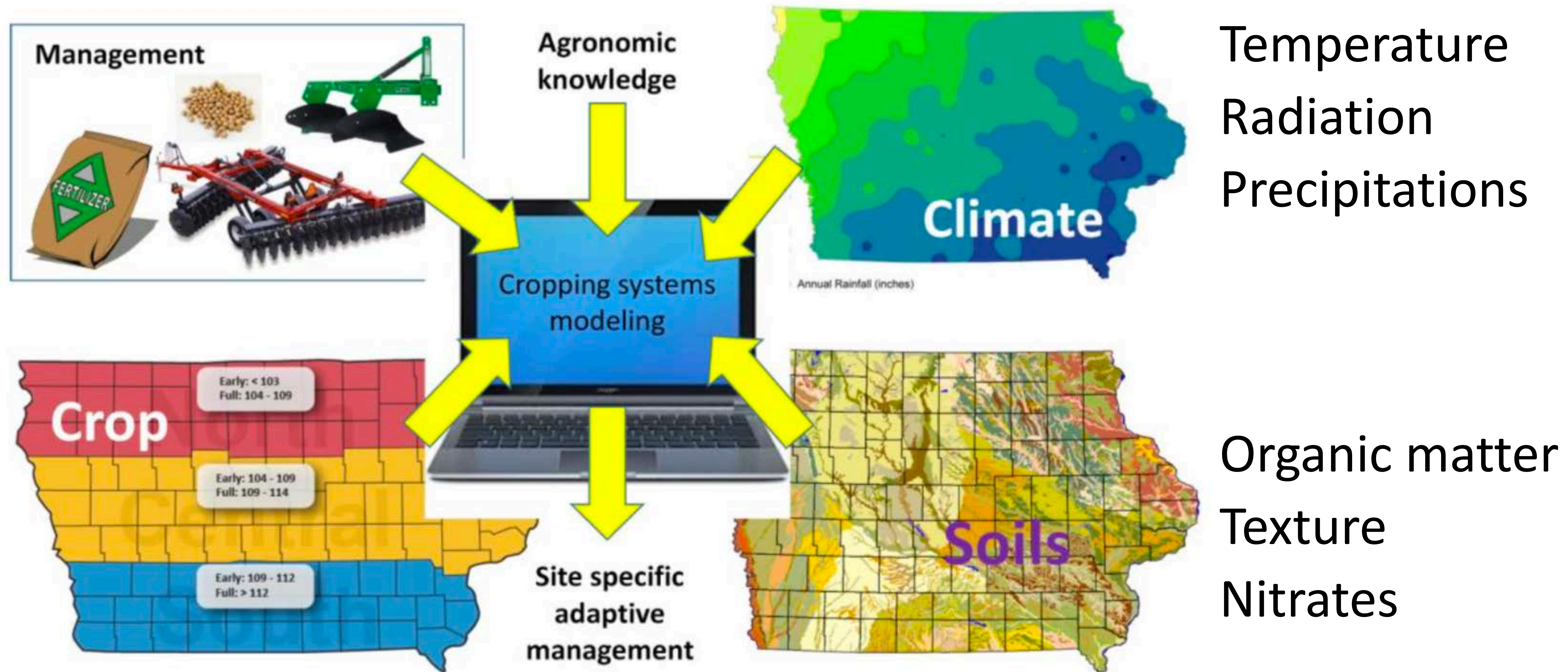




## Crop model-based tools. What is a crop model?

Components

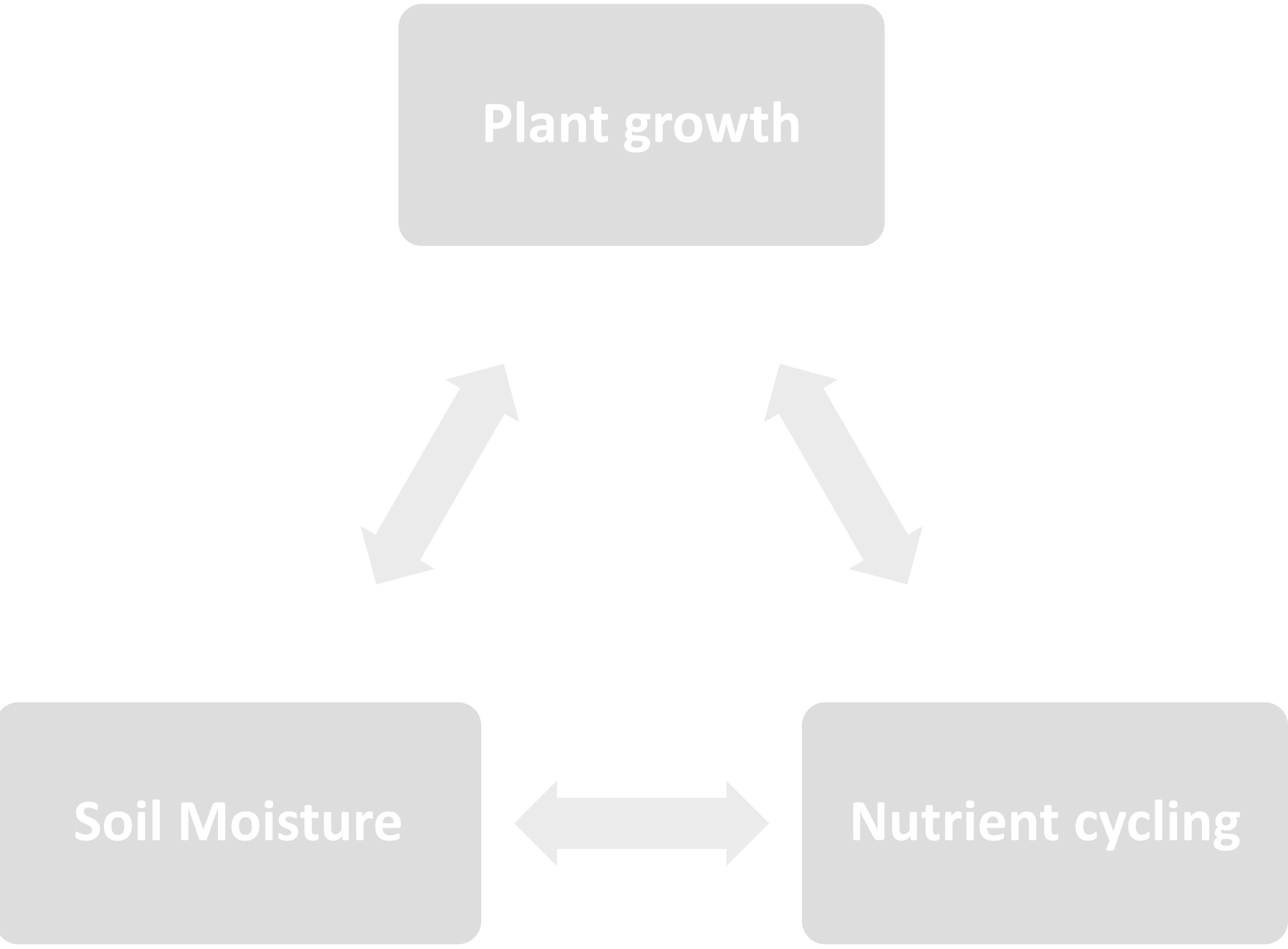
- Planting date
- Fertilizer day
- Fertilizer source
- Hybrid
- Irrigation amount
- Rotation
- Manure



**Figure 1.** A cropping systems model uses agronomic principles to analyze information on soils, crop, climate, and management practices for every field and year separately.



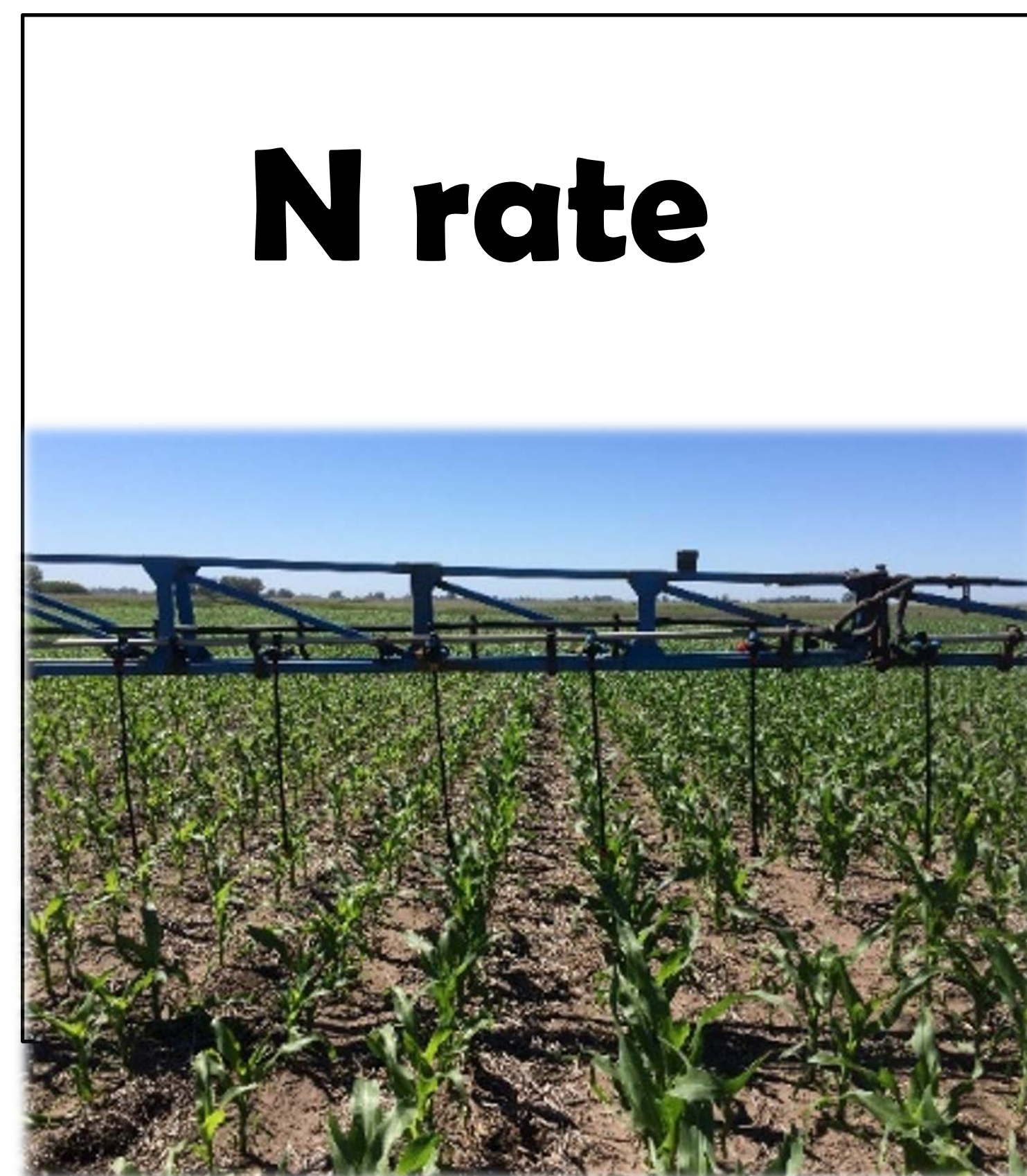
## Crop model-based tools: why?



- Excess or need of N
- N leaching
- N mineralization
- N uptake



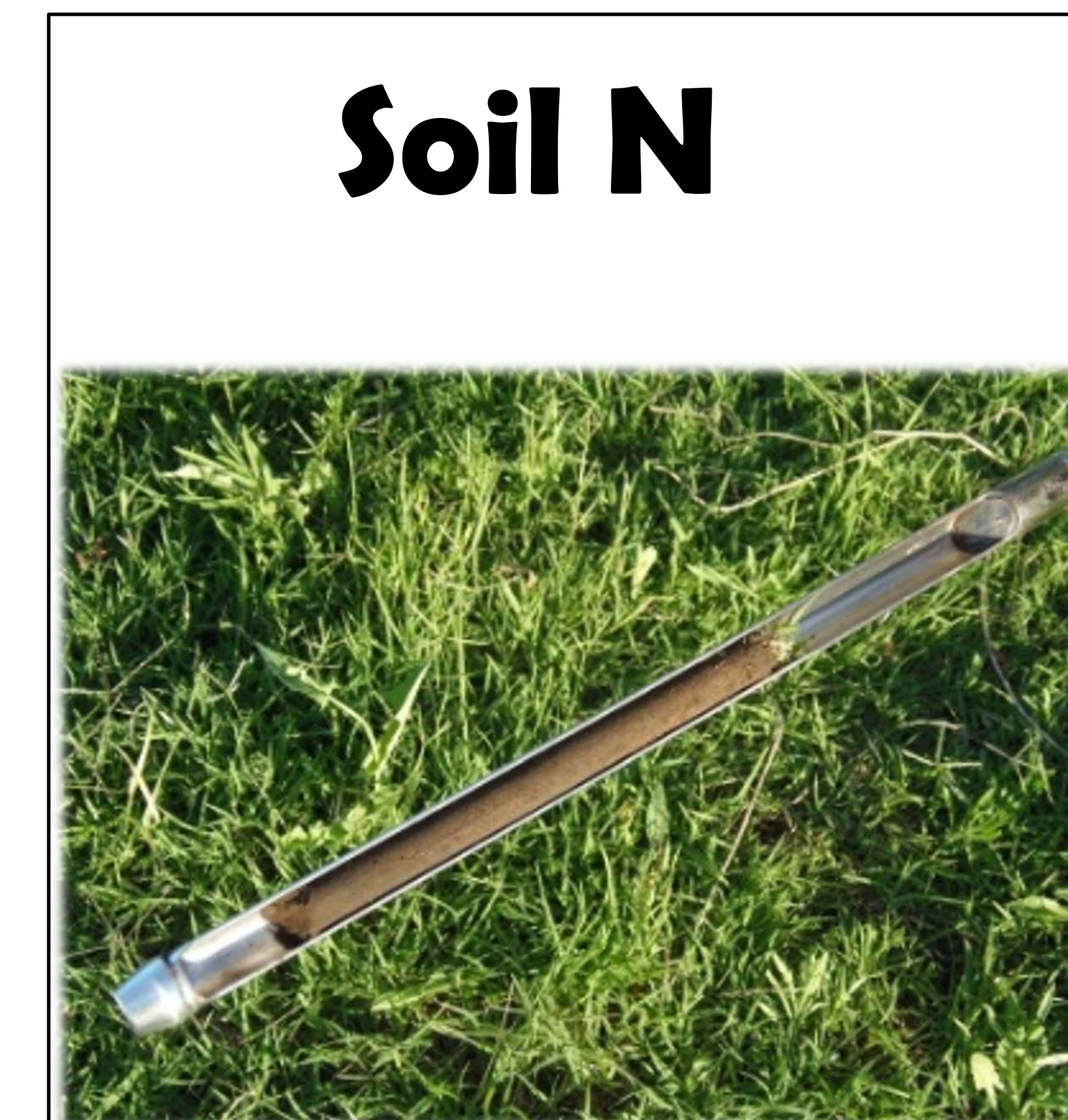
## Crop model-based tools: why?



=



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$$\text{N Rate (lb/ac)} = [35 + (1.2 \times \text{EY}) - (8 \times \text{NO}_3\text{-N}_{\text{ppm}}) - (0.14 \times \text{EY} \times \text{OM}) - \text{other N credits}] \times \text{Price}_{\text{adj}} \times \text{Timing}_{\text{adj}}$$

EY = Expected yield (bu/ac)

$\text{NO}_3\text{-N}_{\text{ppm}}$  = Root zone average  $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$  (ppm)

OM = Soil organic matter (%)

Site- and time-specific N recommendations can be made through the *dynamic simulation of the weather-soil-crop system* to adjust in-season N applications to more precisely match crop N demand.



## Crop model-based tools

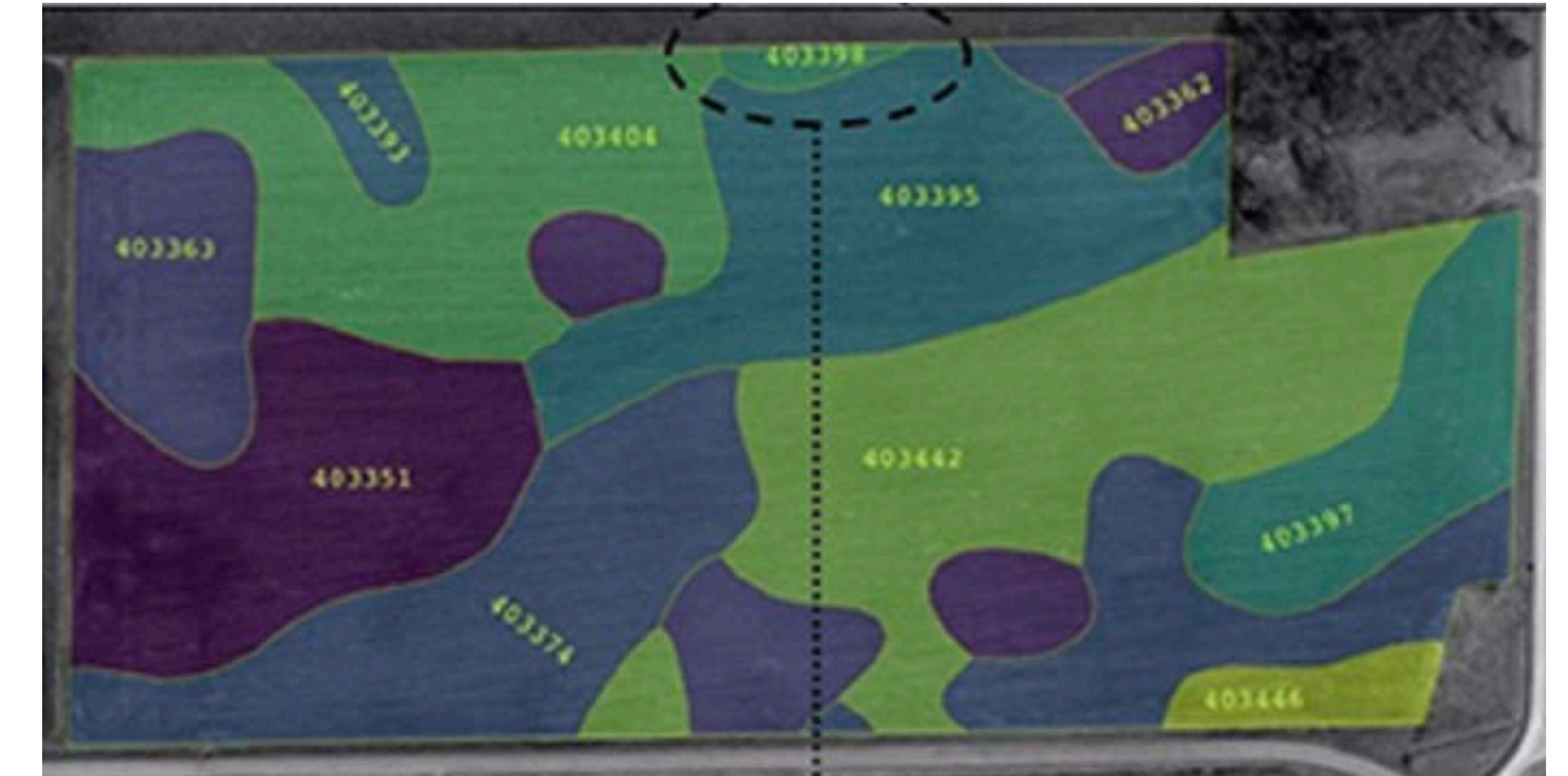
▶ Point based



▶ Grid based



▶ Zone based

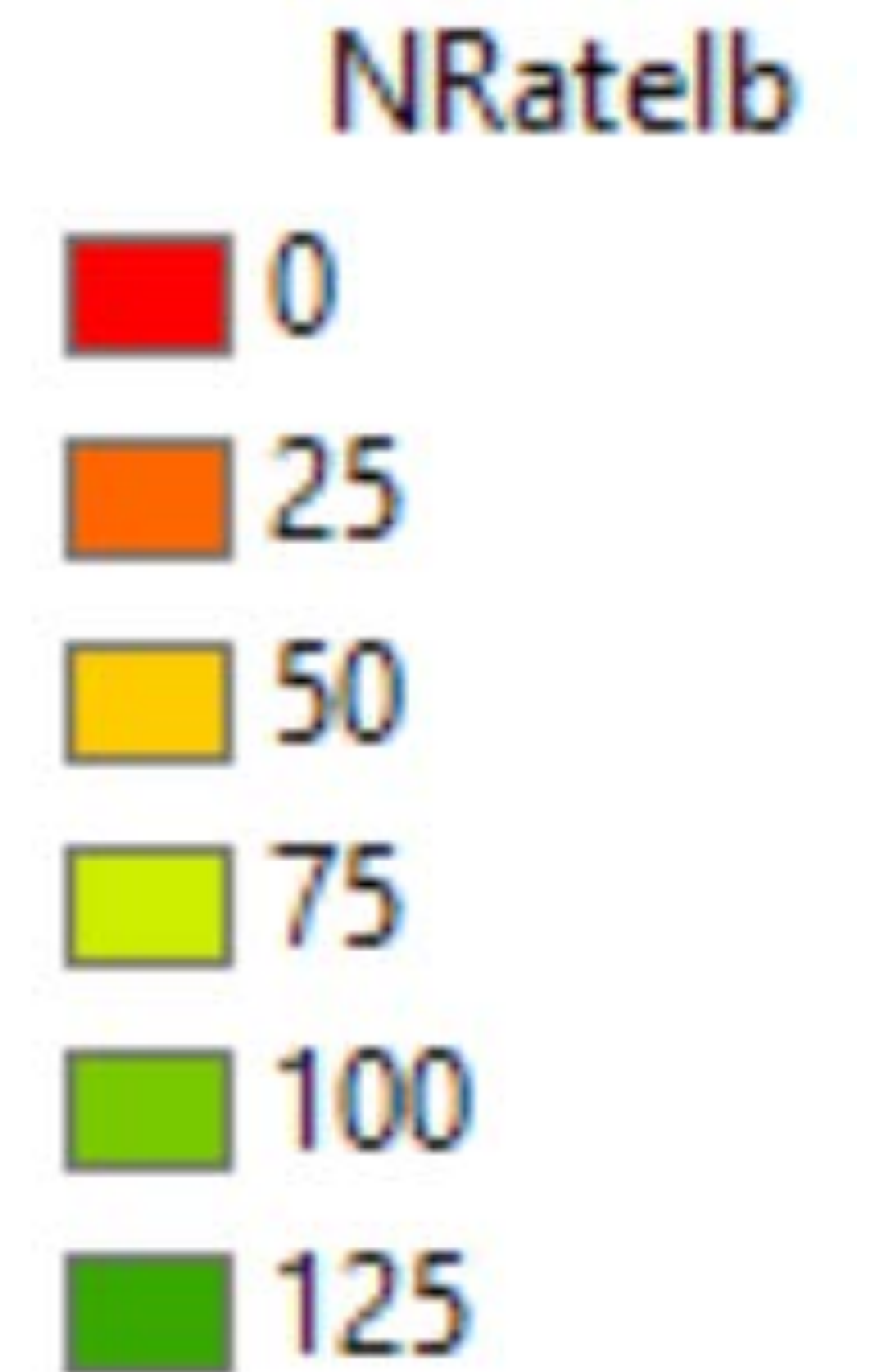


Resolution of your input data...



## Crop model-based tools. Testing

- Flurosot
- Adapt-N (Yara)
- Granular
- Maize-N (UNL)
- Others

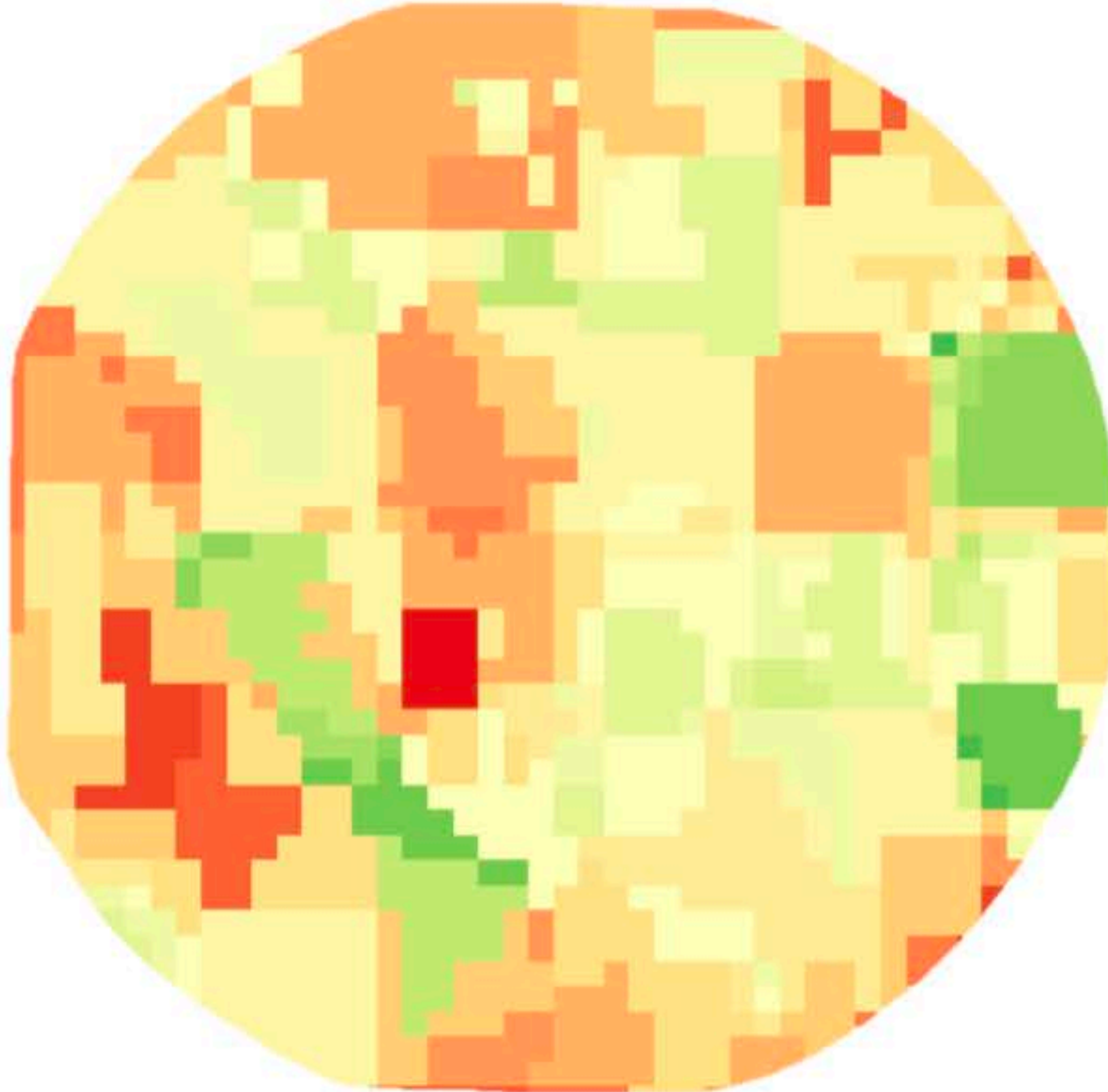




## Granular

average of 26 gal/ac (92 lb N/ac)

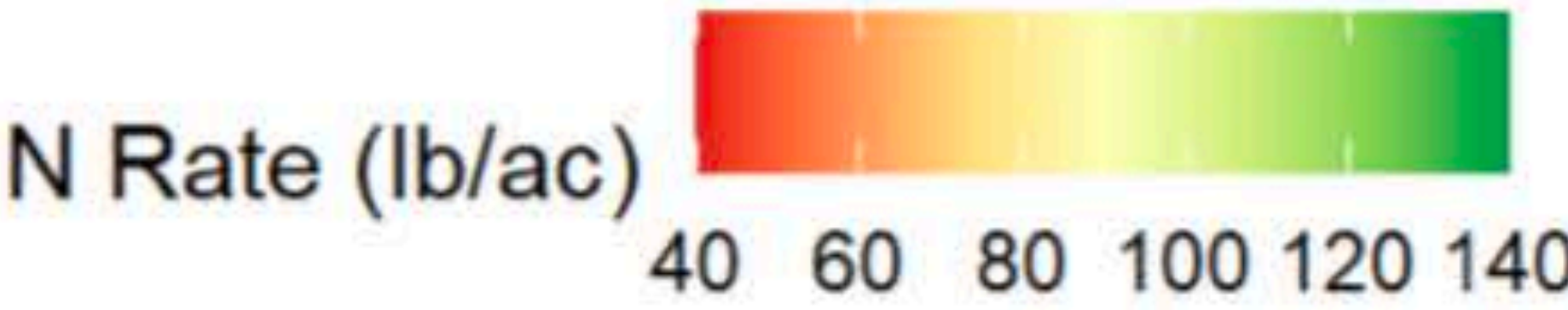
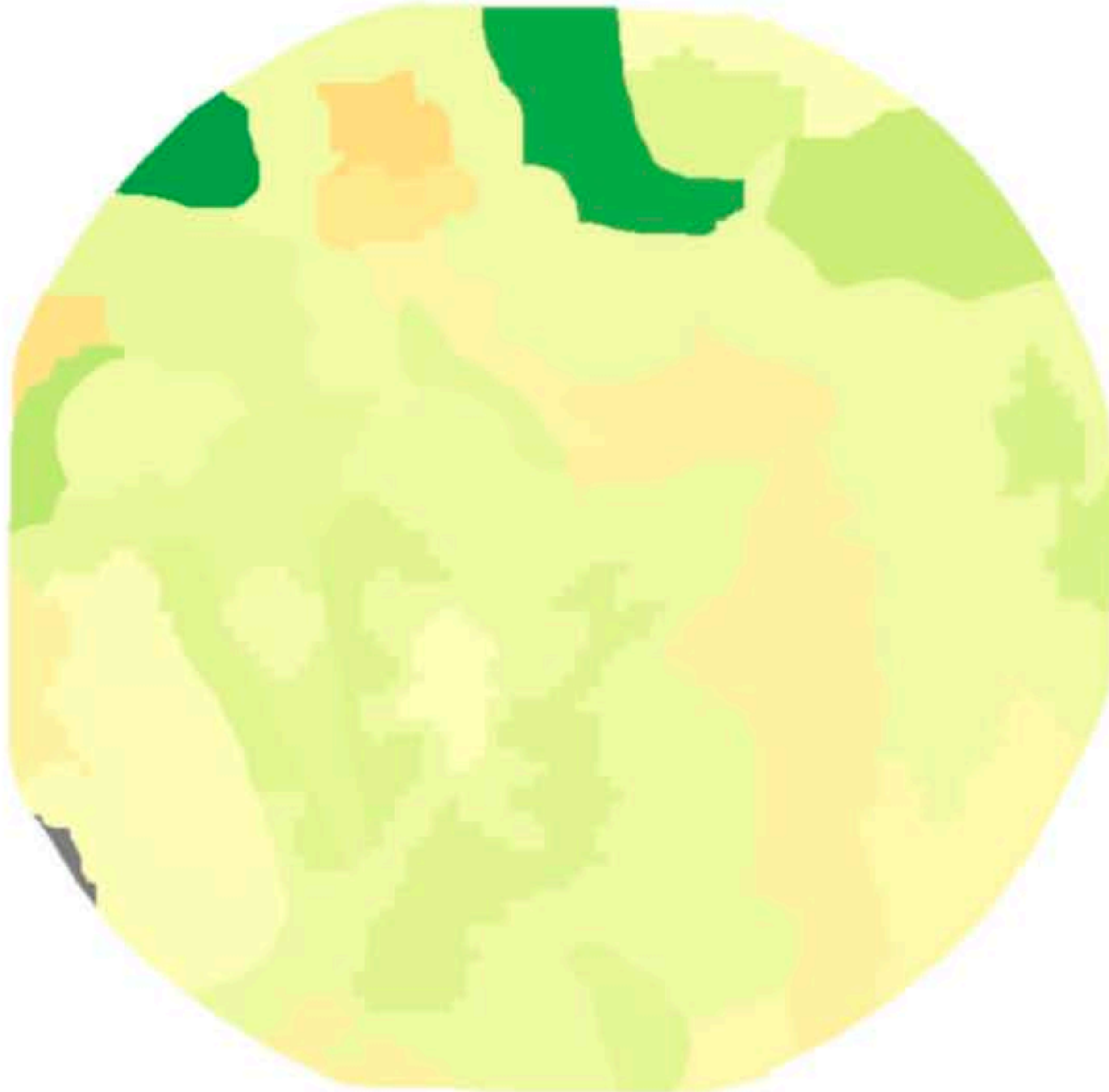
Adapt-N Sidedress Prescription



## Adapt-N

average of 23 gal/ac (82 lb N/ac)

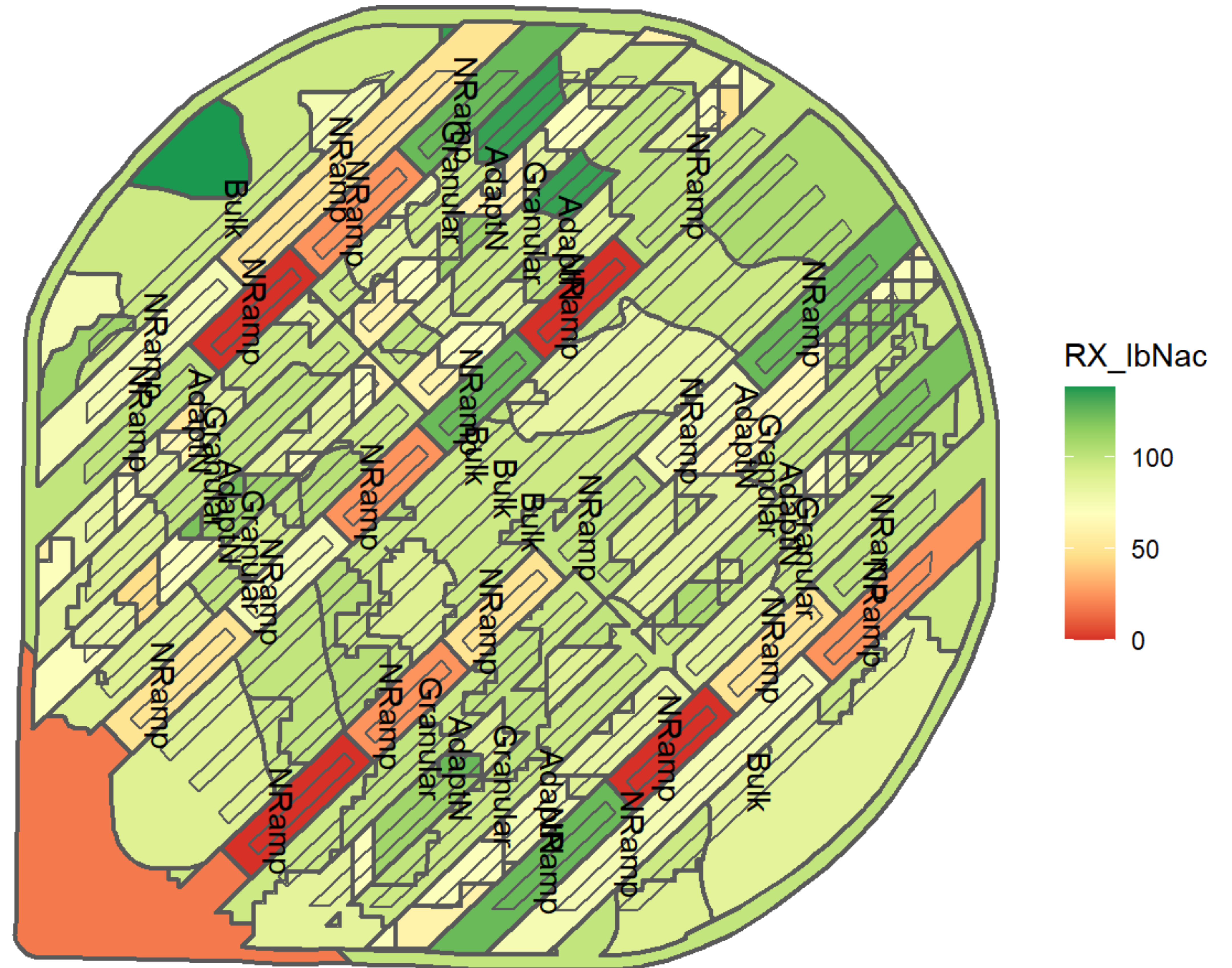
Granular Sidedress Prescription



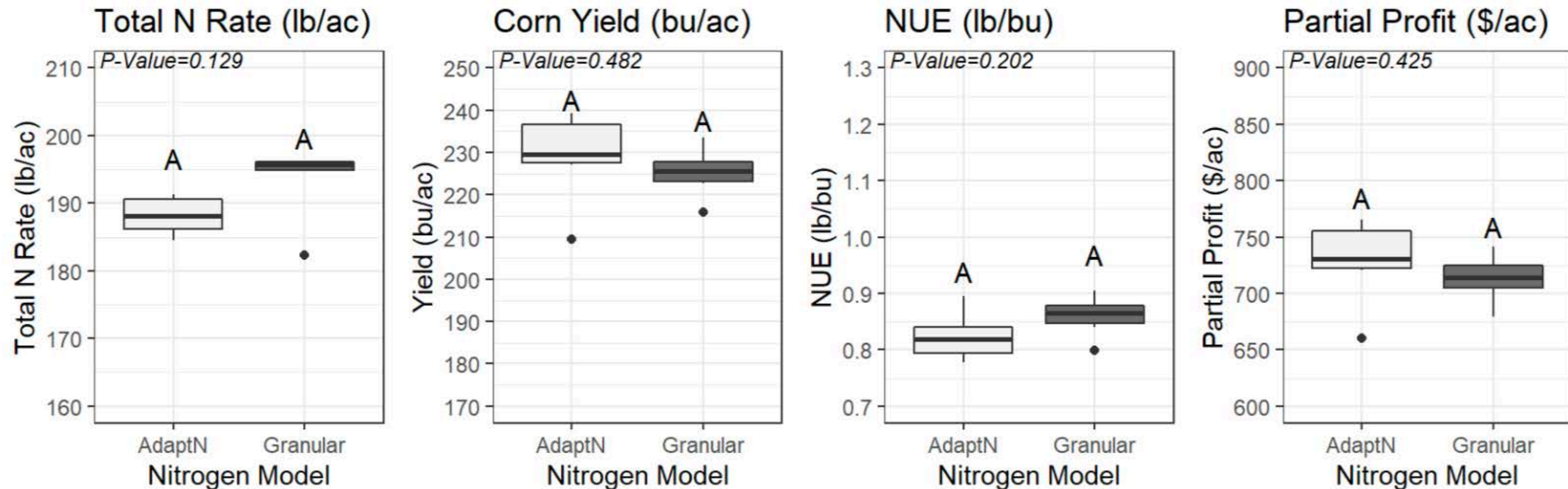


## Crop model-based tools. Testing

- Management
- Soil characteristics
- Yield goal
- Economics
- Zones?







- Total N rate, yield, profit and NUE for the Granular and Adapt-N recommendations were not statistically different.
- NUE was around 0.82 to 0.86 lbs of N per bushel of corn.

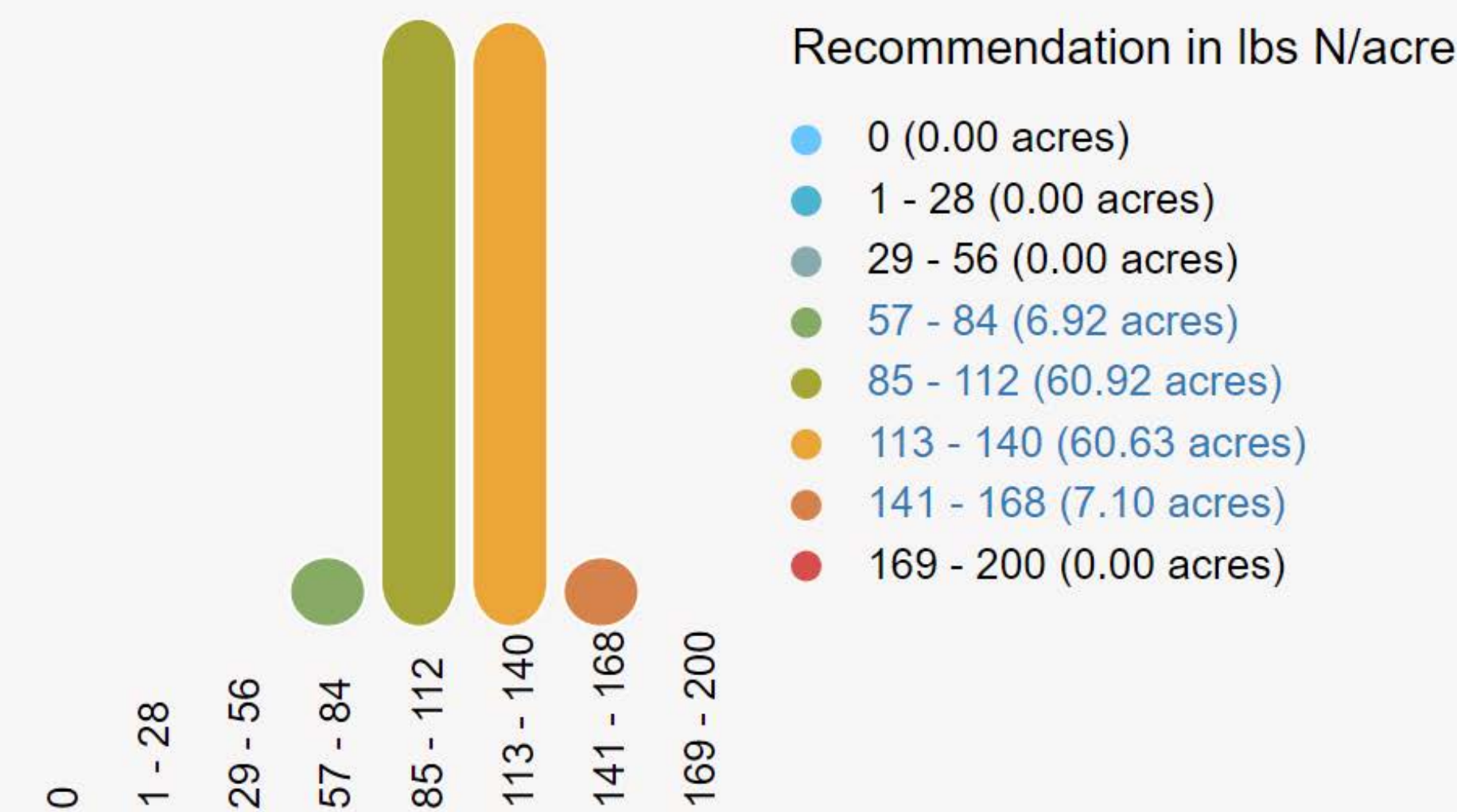
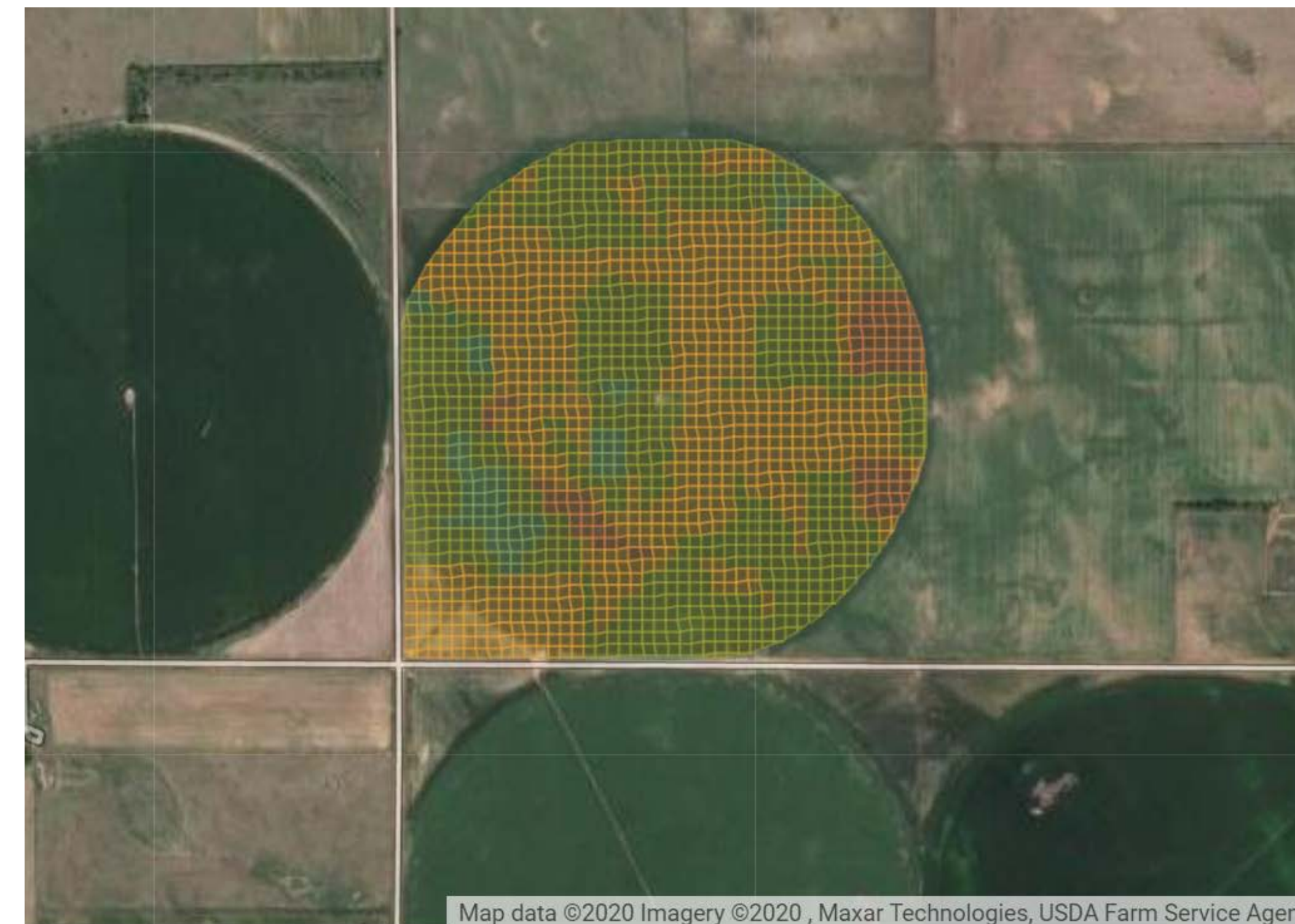


## Take Home Points

- Crop model-based tools for N management consider the variability of soils and the growing season to better adjust the N needs.
- Reasonable YG estimates are critical...still require input.
- Consider NUE metrics that you are currently operating at...how much more efficient can you operate economically?
- Quality of inputs = Quality of outputs
- On-farm research and precision ag technology offers a great opportunity to model-based N tools.



## Interested in how agriculture technologies can improve nitrogen management on your farm?



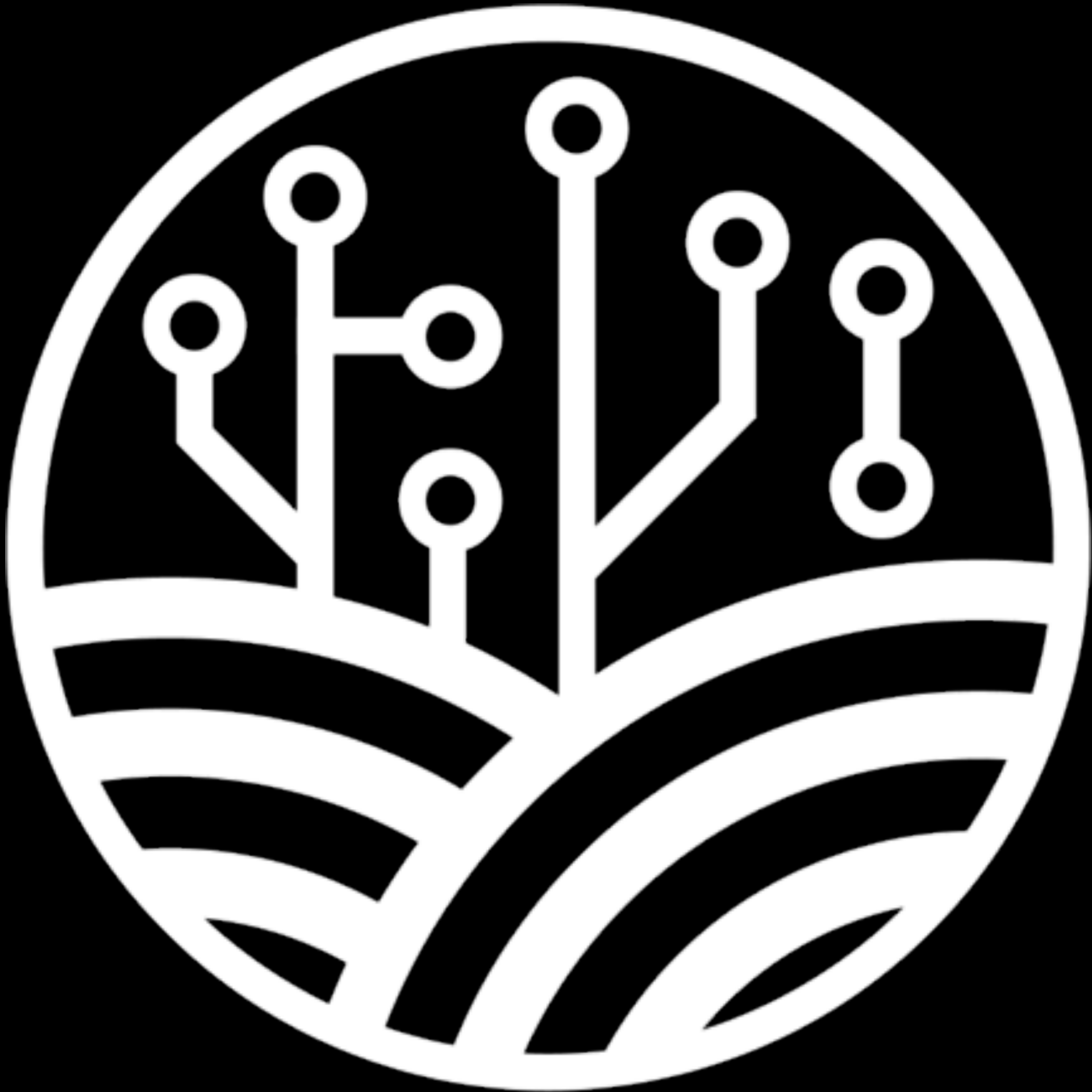
<https://cropwatch.unl.edu/precision-nitrogen-management-farm-research-project>



Thanks!



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